ABN: 83 894 491 228 [NSW, AUSTRALIA]

CONDUCT OF MEETINGS POLICY

Policy number	CORPOL011	Version	V.190916
Drafted by	J Rakadrudru	Approved by Board on	
Responsible person	J Rakadrudru	Scheduled review date	31/01/2020

INTRODUCTION

It is important to ensure that meetings are conducted well so that:

- in making decisions, proper regard can be had to the views of the majority, of the minority, of individual members, of absentee members, and of all of these groups taken together; and
- decisions can be made efficiently and expeditiously, with due respect for the time and commitment of members of the church and members of the Board.

Primary responsibility for this rests with the Chairman. To achieve that, broad discretion and authority is given to the Chairman to make rulings on questions of meeting procedure (subject to the limitations set out in this policy).

PURPOSE

This policy is designed to provide guidance on the appointment of the Chairman and set out the parameters by which the Chairman is to conduct meetings, to ensure that meetings are conducted well.

APPOINTMENT OF CHAIRMAN

The Chairman of the Board shall be elected as laid down in the church's constitution/rules. Subject to anything in the Constitution/Rules:

- In the Chairman's absence, the Vice-Chairman shall preside as Chairman at each General Meeting of the Organisation.
- If the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman are absent from a General Meeting or a Board meeting, or are unable to preside, or decline to preside, the Members present must elect one of their number to preside as Chairman.
- Meetings of any Board sub-committees shall be chaired in the manner laid down by the Board in their terms of reference.
- A person should not preside as Chairman over the part of a meeting concerning the
 election of the Chairman, nor should the Chairman give instructions as to the
 procedure to be followed, in respect of an election for the position of Chairman. A
 temporary Chairman should be appointed for that purpose to ensure a fair, unbiased
 election.

HARBOUR CITY HARVEST CHURCH BY-LAWS

ABN: 83 894 491 228 [NSW, AUSTRALIA]

RESPONSIBILITIES

The Chairman shall conduct meetings according to the Standing Orders (see Appendix A), and any other resolution of the Board.

Where the Standing Orders are ambiguous or contestable or silent, and there are no other Board directions given on the subject, the Chairman has discretion to rule as to the practices to be followed.

Where there is continuing disagreement on any ruling by the Chairman, any member may move a motion of dissent to the Chairman's ruling. If this motion is seconded, a vote shall be taken. If the motion of dissent is carried, the Chairman's decision is reversed.

AUTHORISATION	
Chairman	Date
Harbour City Harvest Church	

ABN: 83 894 491 228 [NSW, AUSTRALIA]

APPENDIX A

[SAMPLE] STANDING ORDERS

ELECTION OF MEMBERS TO THE BOARD

- Members of the Board shall be elected or appointed by the method specified in the church Constitution/Rules. [If there is no method specified in the Constitution/Rules, then] The following general principles apply to elections occurring at general meetings: separate elections must be held for each office bearer position, where applicable (eg Chairman or President, Secretary, Treasurer).
- A person may be nominated, and stand, for election to more than one position but may not be elected to more than one position.
- A single election may be held to fill all the vacant ordinary member positions.
- If the number of persons nominated to fill the vacant position/s is less than or equal to the number to be elected, the Chairman must declare each of those persons elected to the position.

NOTICE OF MEETING

Notice shall be given of General Meetings according to the provisions specified in the the church's Constitution/Rules.

The notice should include an adequate and candid description of the business to be transacted at the meeting. The purpose of notice is to enable persons to know what business is proposed for a meeting, so that they can make up their minds whether or not to attend.

[If there is no method specified in the Constitution/Rules, then] The following general principles apply:

- Wherever possible, 10 working days notice shall be given of the date, time and place of Board meetings. Where urgent matters arise, shorter notice may be given.
- Notice shall be given of meetings of any Board sub-committees as laid out in the Terms of Reference, or (where this has not been specified in the Terms of Reference) at the discretion of the Chairmans of those committees.
- Where possible, Board agendas and any papers to be discussed at the meeting should be circulated in advance of the meeting.
- Ordinary meetings of the Board shall be held at the dates, times, and places decided by the Board from time to time, except that no fewer than four meetings shall be held in any one year.
- A special meeting of the Board shall be called at any time at the request of no fewer than three Board members. Ten working days notice must be given of any such meeting.

ABN: 83 894 491 228 [NSW, AUSTRALIA]

QUORUM

The quorum for any General Meeting shall be as laid down in the Constitution. The quorum for any Board meeting shall be as laid down in the Constitution. The quorum for the meeting of any sub-committee shall be as laid down in the committee's Terms of Reference, or if not there specified shall be as adopted by the committee.

At any point after the opening of a meeting, any member of the Board may call attention to the lack of a quorum. The meeting shall then terminate.

AMENDMENTS TO MOTIONS

A resolution put to a general meeting that has not yet been passed will be referred to as a "motion".

In circumstances where one or more members wishes to amend a motion prior to it being passed at a general meeting, the following process should be adopted:

- 1. The motion (in its original form) should be put to the meeting by the Chairman.
- 2. A member may propose an amendment to the motion ("the amendment").
- 3. Another member can then second the amendment [subject to the comment below about seconding].
- 4. The Chairman should allow a reasonable opportunity to discussion of the amendment.
- 5. The Chairman should then call a vote on the amendment. If the vote passes, the motion will be amended.
- 6. If a member wishes to make another amendment to the motion, then steps 2 5 should be followed again.
- 7. Once all the amendments have been made, the Chairman should put the motion to meeting for a vote on whether to pass the motion or not.

Notwithstanding the above, the Chairman should not allow any amendment to a motion to be put where:

- The proposed amendment introduces substantially new subject material.
 - Remember that members will have decided whether to attend the meeting on the basis of the notice of meeting. If the meeting considers subject matters not included in the notice, it could be unfair to members that are not present.
- The proposed amendment has the effect of negativing the motion in its original form.
- There have already been two amendments, unless the Chairman in his or her discretion believes there is good reason to allow more. That is, only two amendments should be moved to any motion, after which the meeting should debate and vote on the motion as amended, unless there is good reason to allow further amendments.

ABN: 83 894 491 228 [NSW, AUSTRALIA]

VOTING

The Chairman should put to the meeting any motion, except:

- The Chairman should not allow any motion to be put to a general meeting that is vague or ambiguous.
- The Chairman should not allow any motion to be put initiates a subject for discussion unless notice has been given to members that the subject would be covered at the meeting.

[Unless it is required by the Constitution or by-laws of the church, or it involves a motion to overturn a decision of the Chairman] It is not necessary for a motion to be seconded.

[Subject to the the church's Constitution]:

- Members, including members of the Board may vote for any motion or may abstain.
- A motion shall be declared carried if a plurality of members present (that is, a majority of members present and voting) vote in its favor.
- In the event of an equality of votes for and against a motion, the Chairman shall have no casting vote and the motion will automatically lapse.

MEMBERS' INTERESTS

The Chairman should ensure that Board members are familiar with the Conflict of Interest Policy, and that the procedures required by that policy are observed by members of the Board.

SPEAKING

Members may speak to any motion when granted the right to speak by the Chairman. The mover of any motion has the right to speak first on that motion for the time period allocated by the Chairman.

The Chairman shall grant priority to members who express an intention to move dissent with a decision of the Chairman.

In speaking to any motion or amendment, members are to confine their remarks strictly to such motion or amendment, and shall not introduce irrelevant matters or indulge in needless repetition. In this matter, the Chairman's ruling is final and not open to challenge.

The Chairman of a general meeting should provide a reasonable opportunity for members to ask questions of the Board, and any of the Board members. In all cases, the Chairman should have regard to the following in determining what is reasonable:

- the purpose of the meeting;
- the time available at the meeting, and the need to ensure that there is sufficient time allocated to conduct the business included in the notice of meeting;
- the desirability of the meeting closing on-time;
- the relevance of the questions being asked to the business included in the notice of the meeting;

HARBOUR CITY HARVEST CHURCH BY-LAWS

ABN: 83 894 491 228 [NSW, AUSTRALIA]

- the relevance of the questions being asked to the meeting as a whole and whether the matters being raised could be more appropriately addressed in another forum;
- the most appropriate person/s or entities to whom the questions should be addressed;
- the desirability of ensuring that members have an adequate opportunity to raise concerns about the governance of the the church; and
- any other matter considered relevant by the Chairman.

MINUTES

Minutes of any meeting of the Board shall be circulated to all members as soon as possible after that meeting, and before the scheduled date of the next meeting. The minutes shall record:

- the date, time and venue of the meeting;
- the names of those members and officers present;
- the name of the meeting Chairman;
- any apologies tendered;
- any failure of a quorum;
- a list of items considered;
- any resolutions pertaining to those items; and
- details of any declarations of pecuniary interest.

Any other matters may be recorded at the discretion of the Chairman.

AMENDMENTS TO STANDING ORDERS

The Board may amend these Standing Orders at any time, either permanently or for a specified period.

OTHER MATTERS

In exercising his or her discretion, the Chairman is to take account of, but is not bound by, Robert's Rules of Order (http://www.rulesonline.com/).